

Item No.	8a_supp
Date of Meeting	April 14, 2020

Renewable Natural Gas Supply Contract Authorization

Environment & Sustainability
Facilities & Infrastructure



Presentation Overview



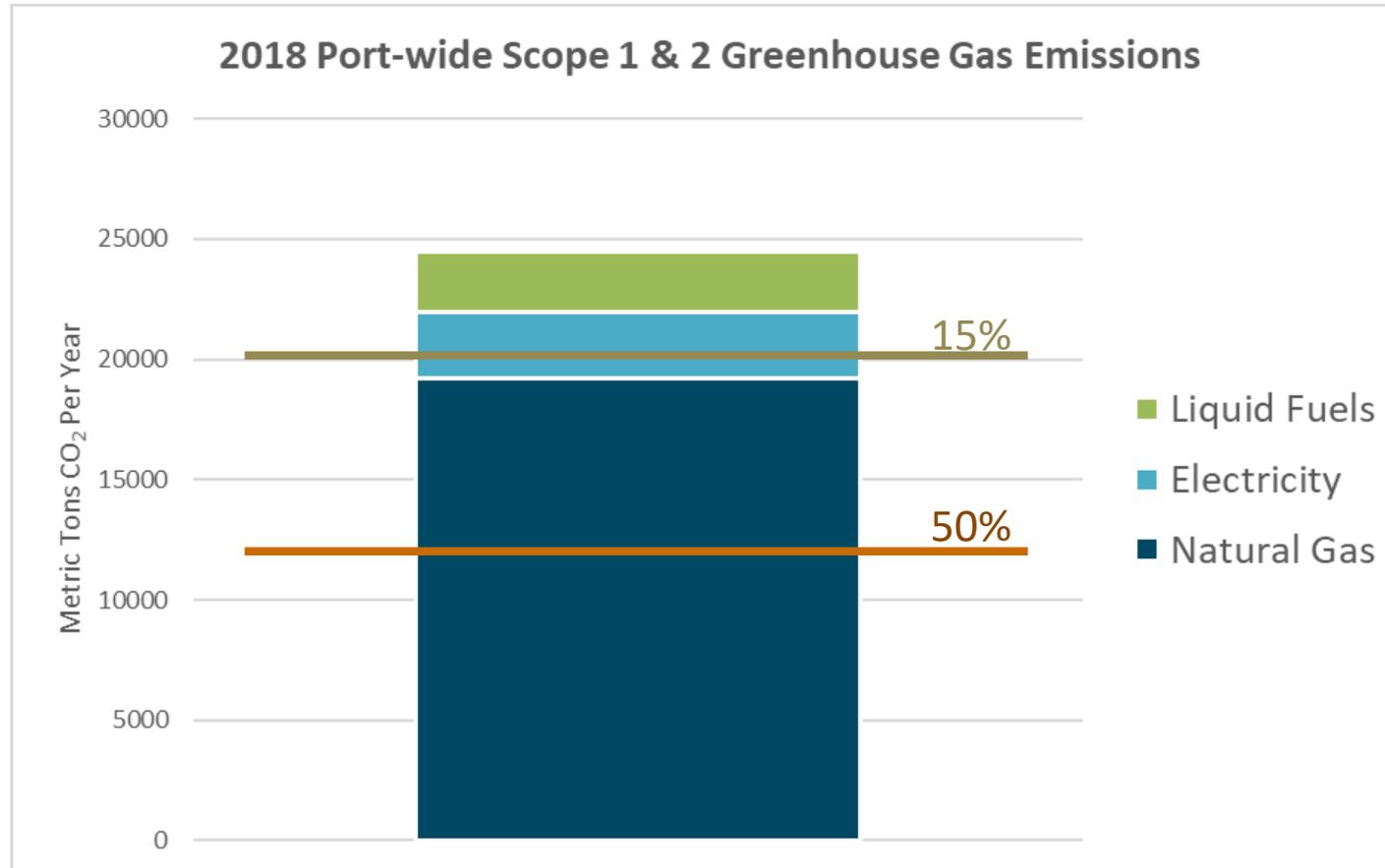
1. Review Port climate goals
2. How Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) supports climate goals
3. Why RNG is needed now
4. Proposed Action
 - Contract Principles
 - Budget

The Port's Climate Goals

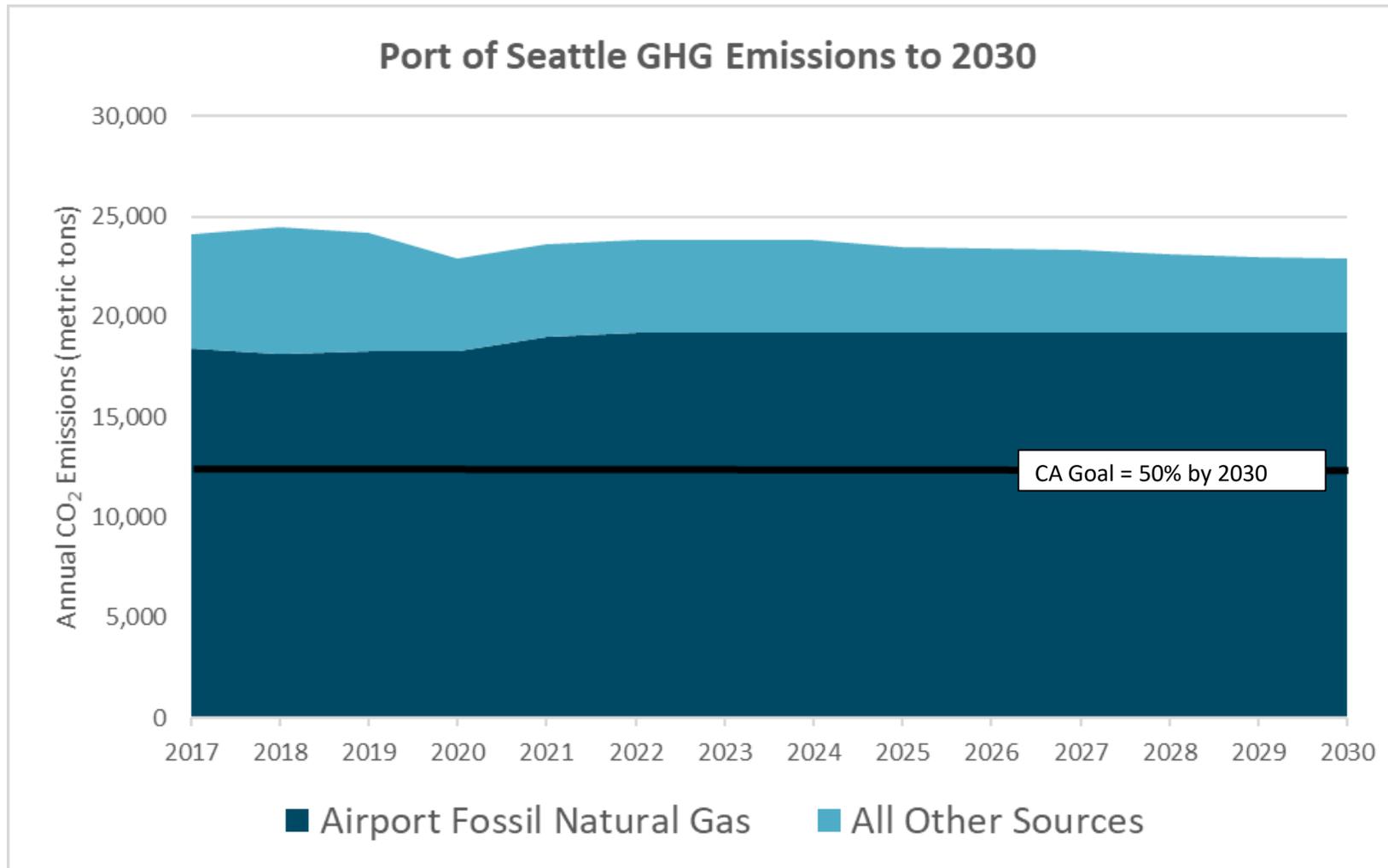
Reduce Port-owned and –controlled (Scope 1 &2) greenhouse gas emissions below 2005 levels by:

- 15% by 2020
- 50% by 2030
- 100% by 2050

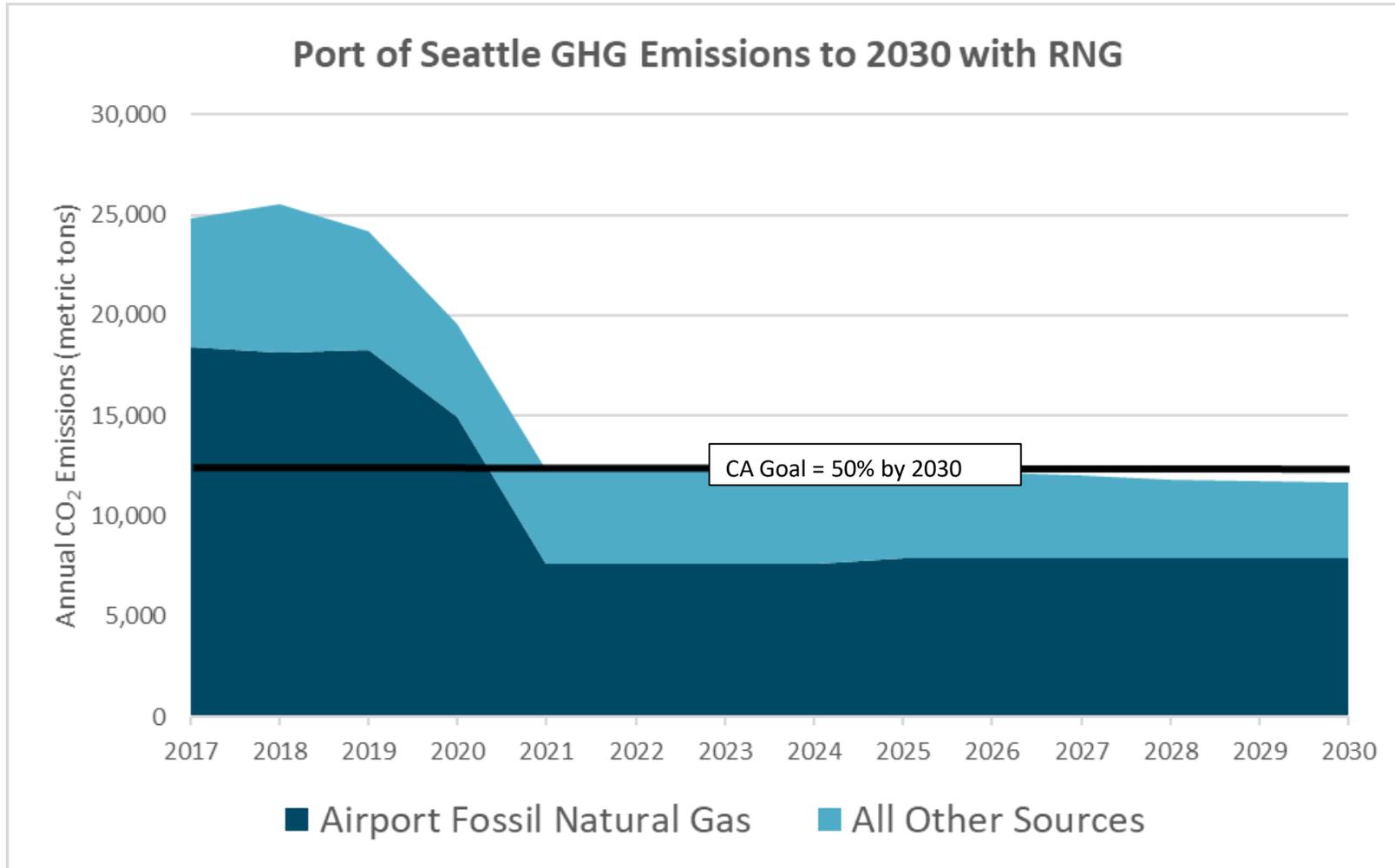
The Port's GHG Emissions



Projected Future Greenhouse Gas Emissions



With RNG Supply



What is Renewable Natural Gas (RNG)?

A zero carbon natural gas alternative. As organic waste breaks down, it emits methane gas that can be captured and processed to meet natural gas pipeline quality specifications.

RNG Sources:

- ~100 production facilities nationwide
- 70% are landfills; 30% wastewater treatment & anaerobic digesters
- 90% of these facilities used for transportation fuel (i.e. CNG fleets)

RNG Project Examples



Cedar Hills Landfill, King County



Renton WWTP, King County



Bar-Way Farm, Massachusetts

Why RNG is Needed Now



- There are no viable alternatives to reduce the footprint of the natural gas boilers:
 - Electrification would cost hundreds of millions
 - Electrification would require additional emergency back-up systems
- RNG:
 - Is the best zero carbon nat gas substitute available now
 - Is the lowest-cost option to meet climate goals
 - Supports energy independence
 - Creates green energy economy jobs



Contract Elements



- Fixed Price
- Flexibility to purchase additional gas
 - 10% with short notice
 - Larger volumes as mutually agreeable
- Projects supplying gas must be new sources (aka “additionality”)
- Meet definition of renewable cellulosic fuel
- Receive full federal incentive value
- Ability to capture 100% of future incentives to reduce cost

Budget Request

Operational Cost

Gas Account	2020 Cost [‡]	Annual Cost	Total 10-Year Cost
Central Plant (Heating)	\$643,500	\$2,145,000	\$21,450,000
CNG Fueling Station	*\$42,037	*\$150,000	*\$1,500,000
TOTAL	\$685,537	\$2,295,000	\$22,950,000

[‡]Original budget for 2020 is \$1.5 million. This new 2020 budget represents a savings of \$800K

*Conservative estimate. Varies with federal incentive

Budget Request

Impact to Airline & Port Costs

- Transportation RNG is recovered by the CNG Operations cost center:
 - Affects Rental Car Facility and Employee Parking (North Employee Parking Lot)
 - Expected to be negligible cost, or refund/credit due to federal incentives
- Central plant (heating) RNG is recovered by Port expenses and Airline rates
 - Shared between Port expenses 23% and Airlines 77%
 - The RNG-related cost increase to the airline rates & charges will be <1%
 - No RNG-related cost impact to terminal tenants such as airport dining and retail (ADR).

Cost of Carbon Mitigation

Project Type	Cost per Metric Ton CO ₂
Convert Buses to Electric	\$900
Stage 3 Mechanical Conservation	\$300
RNG	\$209
Renewable Diesel	\$125
PSE Green Direct Electricity	\$61

